INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Original and/or subsequent record used to evaluate the corner position
- 2. Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing jost or obliterated
- 3. Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position.
- Sketch of corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking, topography ties, position of accessories, etc.
 Certification must be signed and sealed by Land Surveyor registered in the State of Montana.
- 6. Fill in Cross Index & Section Diagram at bottom of sheet.

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

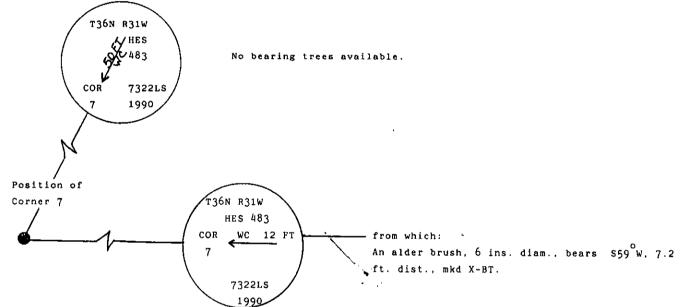
Corner _ 7 of HES 483 T. 36 N., R. 31 W., P.M.M. Lincoln County

1915 H.E.S. original record by Fred E. Thieme: Set for Cor. No. 7, a small stone mkd. with a cross (x) under a quartzite stone 26x10x9 ins., 16 ins. in the ground, mkd. 7 HES 483 on NE face, and a cross (x) on top for the exact corner point.

No bearings available, therefore dig pits 24x24x12 ins. crosswise of this and the succeeding course, 7 ft. dist.

Raise a mound of earth, 4 ft. base, 2 ft. high, NE of corner.

- II. Found the original stone loose and lying on its side in the Yaak River. The original corner position on the left bank of the Yaak River had been under cut and eroded resulting in lost of true position. No evidence of mound of earth.
- 111. Using the Grant Boundary method, I determined a proportion position for Cor. 7. As the proportion position. falls on an undercut river bank, I set two witness corners on line, 2 1/2 in. diam. by 30 ins. long aluminum pipe, 24 ins. in the ground, with a 3 1/4 in. diam. aluminum caps, mkd. as shown



Painted a red band around the bearing tree and attached Land Survey Monument and Bearing Tree signs. Set a 6 ft. galvanized steel guard post with Land Survey Marker and Property Boundary decals alongside monument.

Magnetic declination: 20 East.

