

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Original and/or subsequent record used to evaluate the corner position.
2. Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing lost or obliterated corners.
3. Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position.
4. Sketch or corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking, topography lies, position of accessories, etc.
5. Certification must be signed and sealed by Registered Land Surveyor in State of Montana.
6. Fill in Cross Index & Section Diagram at bottom of sheet.

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

Corner 1 of MS 5223 T. 34N R. 33W P.M.M. Lincoln County

I. Corner was established by abram L. Jaqueth in his survey of October 28, 1897.

At the corner position he set no monument due to the corner falling in wagon road. From the corner the following Witness Corners were set:

A 5 inch square by 5 foot long pine post set 2 feet into ground, bears $N71^{\circ}40'W$, 16.4 feet. Post marked WC 1-5223.
Referenced by the following:

Pine tree, 10 inches in diameter, marked BT WC 1-5223, bears $N68^{\circ}15'E$, 9.1 feet.

Pine tree, 8 inches in diameter, marked BT WC 1-5223, bears $N6^{\circ}30'E$, 12.9 feet.

A 5 inch square by 5 foot long pine post set 2 feet into ground, bears $N21^{\circ}34'E$, 17.3 feet, post marked W.C. 1-5223
Referenced by the following:

Pine tree, 10 inches in diameter, marked W.C.B.T. 1-5223, bears $N31^{\circ}E$, 5.2 feet.

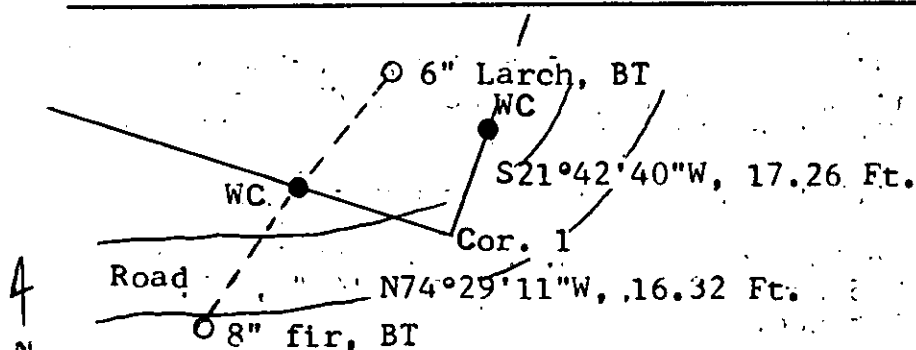
Balsam tree, 5 inches in diameter, marked W.C.B.T. 1-5223, bears $S55^{\circ}00'W$, 7.8 feet.

II. Found no evidence of corner posts nor positive evidence of bearing trees. Area appears to have been disturbed by road widening and the 1910 fire.

III. At a calculated position determined by the Grant Boundary Method I reestablish the Witness Corners after finding that corner 1 still falls in a drivable road.

At the Witness Corner position on line from Corner 1 to Corner 2, I set at 16.32 feet proportional measure, a $2\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter, aluminum post with a $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter aluminum cap attached, marked as follows:

-Over-



SKETCH OF CORNER

CERTIFICATION

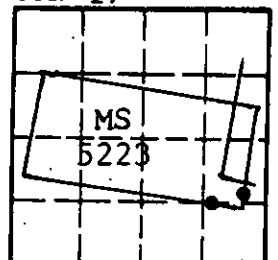
1. Michael L. Richey
certify the information shown herein is true and correct.
Signature of Ground Party Chief
1. Thomas C. HILL
certify that this Corner Record correctly represents work performed by me or under my direction in compliance with the Corner Recordation Act (70-22-105, et seq., M.C.A.).
Signature of Surveyor
Date: 10/20/83 Reg. No. 58228
Employer: U.S.D.A. Forest Service

Office of Clerk and Recorder, County of Lincoln. This "corner record" was filed for record on the January 23 day of 1984 was noted on the cross-index plat and is assigned page No. 2399, in book No. _____

Janet BF Siegel by Betty L. Conner
County Official deputy

Cross Index No. 1/5223 T. 34N R. 33W P.M.M.

Sec. 17



• corner this sheet

INSTRUCTIONS TO SURVEYORS FOR COMPLETION OF CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION FORMS

I. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

This item should describe or quote those portions of the original or subsequent record which were used in evaluating the corner position. The original record will usually be the General Land Office field notes. Subsequent record can come from several sources: Previously filed corner records, maps and plats, private and public records, etc. Some of the subsequent record, even though not in the public record, but known to have validity by the surveyor, may be quoted and appropriately noted.

The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be reconciled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicated.

III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form, or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

V. CERTIFICATION:

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification.

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

VI.

The Cross Index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township Index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filed.

U.S. FOREST SERVICE From which the following references:

WC
MS 5223
COR 1
5612S
1983

Douglas Fir, 8 inches in diameter bears
S37°04'W, 26.1 feet distance, scribed X BT.

Larch, 6 inches in diameter, bears N41°37'E,
14.7 feet distance, scribed X BT.

Possible remains of the record N68°15'E bearing tree, now dead and down with evidence of its stump hole destroyed by enlargement of road template. Found on said log was a 1 inch square piece of ax work, but no scribing.

At Witness Corner position on line from Corner 1 to intersection of MS 5223 & 5135. I set at 17.26 proportional measure a 2½ inch in diameter aluminum post with a 3¼ inch diameter aluminum cap, marked as follows:

U.S. FOREST SERVICE

From which the following references:

W.C.
MS 5223
COR 1
5612S
1983

Intersection corner of M.S. 5223 east line and
M.S. 5135 south line, bears N21°42'40"E, 42.60
feet distance.

Corner 1 Witness Corner on line from 1 to 2,
bears S62°10'25"W, 25.00 feet distance.