#### INSTRUCTIONS

- state method of establish of ovidence found, note discrepancies in the record

- Sketch of corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking, topography ties, position of accessories, etc.
  Certification must be signed and sealed by Land Surveyor registered in the State of Montana.
- 6. Fill in Cross Index & Section Diagram at bottom of sheet.

# CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

Corner <u>W 1/4 S2</u> T. 31N. \_\_\_R <u>\_31W.</u>\_\_ \_\_ P.M.M. \_ <u>Lincoln</u> 1893 Original GLO Record: Set a limestone, 16x10x4 ins., 11 ins. in the ground, for 4 sec. cor., marked 4 on W. face. Marked two bearing I.

> 1963 BLM Remonumentation: The 1/2 sec. cor. of secs. 2 and 3, monumented with a argillite stone, 16x10x6 ins., firmly set and mkd.  $\frac{1}{4}$  on the W. face, and witnessed by the remains of the original bearing trees. At the corner point, set an iron post, 20 ins. long, 2% ins. diam., 26 ins. in the ground, with brass cap marked as shown:

> > T31N R31W S3 |S2 1963

Remains of the original bearing trees:

A stump, 30 ins. diam., bears S24°E, 98 lks. dist., no marks visible (record: S20°E, 95 lks.).

A stump, 24 ins. diam., bears N85°W, 125 lks. dist., mkd. 4 S3 BT.

(record: N85½°W, 118 lks.).

New bearing trees:

A pine, 13 ins. diam., bears N94°W, 59 lks. dist., mkd. % S3 BT. A larch, 8 ins. diam., bears S46°E, 35 lks. dist., mkd. 4 S2 BT.

Bury the original stone alongside of the iron post.

II. Found: A 1963 BLM brass cap on iron pipe and set original stone, bears north, 8 ins. dist., 4 visible on South face; from which

A pine, 20 ins. diam., bears N8°W, 58 3/4 lks. dist., scribe overgrown.

III. <u>Perpetuation</u>: Marked a new bearing tree: A larch, 8 ins. diam., bears S44°W, 67 1/2 lks. dist., scribed X BT.

Set a 6 ft. galvanized steel post, 18 ins. in the ground, with "Survey Marker" decal attached, bears West, 3 1/2 lks. dist.

Painted red: 6 in. bands and scribe blazes, and posted "Bearing Tree" and "Survey Monument" signs on bearing trees. 20" PINE CERTIFICATA Crismon FMOWAS C \* HILL 5612 S Hill <u> Thomas</u> SID BY by me or under my direction in con Recordation Act" (76-22-101, et seq., M. Date: 1-25-85 Reg. No. 5612S Employer: U.S.F.S. 8"LARCH SKETCH OF CORNER Sec.

Office of Clerk and Recorder, County of . This "corner record" was filed for record on. was noted on the cross-index plat and is assigned page No. book No.

# INSTRUCTIONS TO SURVEYORS FOR COMPLETON OF CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION FORMS

# I. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

This item should describe or quote those portions of the original or subsequent record which were used in evaluating the corner position. The original record will usually be the General Land Office field notes. Subsequent record can come from several sources: Previously filed corner records, maps and plats, private and public records, etc. Some of the subsequent record, even though not in the public record, but known to have validity by the surveyor, may be quoted and appropriately noted.

The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

## II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be reconciled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicated.

## III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size, and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form, or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

### IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

#### V CERTIFICATION:

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification.

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

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The Cross Index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township Index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filed.