INSTRUCTIONS

1. Original and/or a specific pent record used to evaluate the corner position.
2. Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing just or obliterate corners.

Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position.

- topography ties, position of accessories, etc.
- 5. Certification must be signed and sealed by Registered Land Surveyor in State of Montana.
- 6. Fill in Cross Index & Section Diagram at bottom of sheet,

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

Corner Sec. Cor. 13 & 24 T. 31 N., R. 26 W., P.M.M. Lincoln County & Flathead County

Record: G.L.O. Survey by Keerl and Jaqueth, 1893.

"Set a post 4 ft. long, 4 ins. square, 24 ins. in the ground . . .; from which:

A pine, 6 ins. diam., bears N. 85° E., 22 lks. dist., marked T. 31 N., R. 25 W., S. 18 B.T.

A pine, 8 ins. diam., bears S. 55° 30' E., 24 1ks. dist., marked T. 31 N., R. 25 W., S. 19 B.T.

A spruce, 10 ins. diam., bears S. 21° W., 16 lks. dist., marked T. 31 N., R. 26 W., S. 24 B.T.

A fir, 6 ins. diam., bears N. 19° W., 26 lks. dist., marked T. 31 N., R. 26 W., S. 13 B.T."

GLO Survey by Lyman, Parker, and Warner, 1932.

"The cor. of secs. 13, 18, 19, and 24, which is a wooden post, 3 ins. square, 15 ins. above ground, . . .

The SE. and SW. bearing trees are dead. Since this cor. will hereafter refer to Secs. 13 and 24 only, I erase the markings on the trees to the E., and in place of the post

Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 2 ins. diam., 28 ins. in the ground, for cor. of secs. 13 and 24 only, with brass cap marked:

T 31 N T 31 N S13 R 25 W S24 S19 R 26 W

from which:

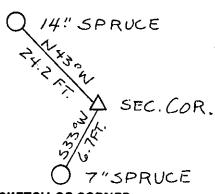
A fir, 10 ins. diam., bears S. 39½° W., 25 lks. dist., marked T. 31 N., R. 26 W., S.24 BT."

Found: A 2 ins. diam., iron pipe 10 ins. above ground, with a $2\frac{1}{2}$ ins. diam. brass cap marked as shown above.

From the cap

A spruce snag, 14 ins. diam., $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. tall, bears S. 27° W., 11.0 ft. distant. The snag has been blazed and "BT" is visible on the blaze.

An alrine fir snag, 14 ins. diam., 15 ft. tall, bears S. 480 W., 17.0 ft. distant. "T 31 N., R. 26 W., S 24 BT" is visible on a blaze on this snag. (Over)



SKETCH OF CORNER

CERTIFICATION

James L. Carter

certify the information shown herein is true and correct.

Signature Ground Party Chief

Daniel C. Smiley

certify that this Corner Record correctly represents work performed by me or under by direction in compliance With the "Corner Recordation Act" (70-22-101, et seq. M.D.A.)

Signature of Surveyor & Seal

Date: 3 11 83 Reg. No. 3526 ES

Flathead National Forest

Employer:

0.12.01.07.00.11.21.			*	
Office of Clerk and Recorder, County of LINCOLN . This "corner		Sec. 13		
,	. This "corner			
record" was filed for record on theMARCH_15	\longrightarrow day of 19 83	` ├ - ├ - ├ -		
was noted on the cross-index plat and is assigned page No. $\frac{219}{}$	7.5 , in			
book No Junet BF Siegel by Bet	ty L. Conces	 	<u> </u>	
County Offici	ial deputy			
N - 25	31 N 26 W .	<u> </u>		

 $\frac{-25}{-1}$ $\frac{31}{7}$ $\frac{N.}{31}$ $\frac{26}{N.}$ $\frac{W.}{R}$ $\frac{26}{25}$ $\frac{PMM}{W.}$ $\frac{}{}$ - corner this sheet

1. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

This item should describe or quote those portions of the original or subsequent record which were used in evaluating the corner position. The original record will usually be the General Land Office field notes. Subsequent record can come from several sources: Previously filed corner records, maps and plats, private and public records, etc. Some of the subsequent record, even though not in the public record, but known to have validity by the surveyor, may be quoted and appropriately noted.

The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be recordled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicted.

III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This Item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form; or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

V. CERTIFICATION:

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

VI

The Cross Index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township Index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filed.

An alpine fir snag, 12 ins. diam., 6 ft. tall, bears N. 20° W., 17.3 ft. distant. The scribing "T 31 N R 26 W S13 BT" is visible.

Discussion: We accept this pipe as the true corner of sections 13 and 24.

New R.M.'s: We establish new reference monuments as follows:

From the cap

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A spruce, 7 ins. diam., bears S. 33° W., 6.7 ft. distant. Blazed and scribed "T. 31 N., R. 26 W., S. 24 RM".

A spruce, 14 ins. diam., bears N. 43° W., 24.2 ft. distant, blazed and scribed "T. 31 N., R. 26 W., S. 13 RM".

An alpine fir, 13 ins. diam., with location poster attached, bears S. 42° W. 3.0 ft. distant.

We attach "BT" and "Attention" signs to the new R.M.'s.

Bearings were determined using a Silva compass with declination set at 20° E.