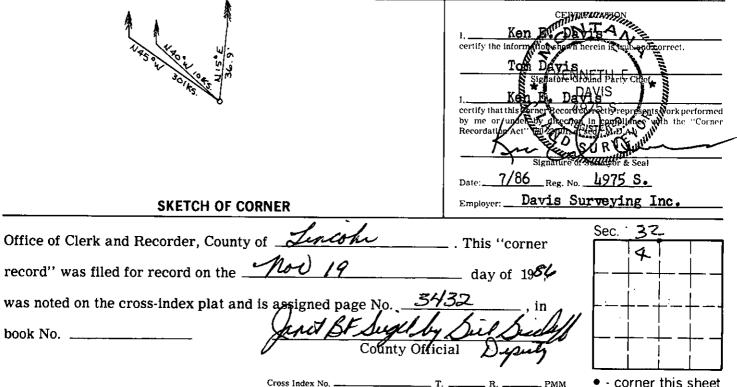
INSTRUCTIONS

- Original and/or sussequent record used to evaluate the corner position.
 Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing lost or obliterated
- 3. Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position
- 4. Sketch or corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking, topography ties, position of accessories, etc.
- Terrification must be signed and sealed by Registered Land Surveyor in State of Montana.
 Fill in Cross Index & Seciton Diagram at bottom of sheet.

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION Corner Meander Corner 29N• R. 33W• P.M.M. Lincoln I. 1893 Original G.L.O. Record Daniel P. Mumbrue West Shore of Bull Lake set a post 4 ft.long 4 ins. square 24 ins. in the ground for meander cor. to Frac. Sec. 32 marked T29N R33W S32 SC on N and MC on E. faces, from which A tamarack 8 ins. diam, bears N35 3/4 W., 11 lks dist. marked T29N R33W S32 MC BT. A tamarack 10 ins. diam., bbears Shill W., 80 lks. dist. marked T29N R33W S32 MC BT. II. 1903 Retracement G.L.O. Redord John P. Henselwood I found a post, badly decayed but properly marked, but not witnessed. In place of post I, Set a granite stone 15x8x6 ins., 10 ins. in the ground for meander cor. of Par = 130 fracl. sec. 32, marked SC on N., and MC on E. face, from which A tamarack 7 ins. diam., bears N40°W., 10 lks.dist., marked T29N R33W S32 MC BT. A tamarack 12 ins. diam., bears N45°W., 30 lks. dist, marked T29N R33W S32 MC BT. III. I found original stone and 2 original bearing trees. IV. 1986 Davis Surveying Inc. I set a U.S.D.A. Aluminum Cap $3\frac{1}{4}$ ins. diam. with a 5/8"x 30" aluminum rod. Cap marked from which the original bearing trees A lh" tamarack bears N40°W., 10 lks.dist. No scribing visible face of tree badly cut up with chain saw. A 20" tamarack bears N45°W., 30 lks. dist., scribing visible. from which the new bearing tree An 8" tamarack bears N15°E., 36.9 feet from center of tree. Scribed T29N R33W S32 MC BT. Notched at root crown. Painted a red band around trees and put BT signs on front and back. Painted original stone red. Aluminum Cap is 4' below appearnt high water mark and 4" below current water level. Aluminum Cap is surrounded by rock pile 2' high x3' base Set a 4 foot aluminum post next to aluminum cap. M.G.S. Aluminum Monument bears S 5°51'24" E for 3830.52 feet. A broken off cedar, 10"diam., lays in the SW quadrant. Unknown origin. CEHYDIRLOWNON <u>Ken</u> certify the inform



I. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

This item should describe or quote those portions of the original or subsequent record which were used in evaluating the corner position. The original record will usually be the General Land Office field notes. Subsequent record can come from several sources: Previously filed corner records, maps and plats, private and public records, etc. Some of the subsequent record, even though not in the public record, but known to have validity by the surveyor, may be quoted and appropriately noted.

The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be recordilled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicted.

III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form, or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

V. CERTIFICATION

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification.

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

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The Cross Index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township Index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filed.