INSTRUCTIONS

- osition
- 2. Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing lost or obliterated
- Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position.
 Sketch or corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking.
- topography ties, position of accessories, etc. 5. Certification must be signed and sealed by topography ites, position of accessories ext.

 5. Certification must be signed and sealed by Registered Land Surveyor in State of Montana.

 6. Fill in Cross Index & Seciton Diagram at bottom of sheet.

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

WC ½ 25 R. 30W Lincoln _ P.M.M. _ County

I. G.L.O. Record: 39.98 chains: In bottom of draw, course S.. Set a pine post 3ft. long, μ " square, 2μ " in the ground, for $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., mrkd $\frac{1}{4}$ S.24 on N. face, 25 on S. face, from which;

Apine, 9ins. diam., bears N 29°F, 19 lks. dist., mrkd $\frac{1}{4}$ S.24 BT. A fir, 16" diam., bears S 79°45′E, 10 lks dist., mrkd $\frac{1}{4}$ S25 BT.

- II. No original evidence was recovered. Area had been severely burned. - We set a temporary hub at the single proportionate position. This fell approximately 5' East of the center of a North-South draw determined to be the original call as stated above. Thus, we concluded that in this draw, along the section line, would be the most probable position that the original monument occupied. It was unrealistic to monument this position. Because of imminent danger of destruction, we established the above stated proportionate point as a witness corner to the quarter corner, where the determined quarter corner position bears West 5.0 ft. from the witness.
- III. At the point established as the witness corner; we set a $2\frac{1}{2}$ " x 30" aluminum pipe 25" in the ground with aluminum cap marked as shown below. From which:

An 8" lodgepole pine bears S 6 E, 6.1 ft., mrkd. WC S25 BT. A 7" lodgepole pine bears N 5°E, 13.1 ft., mrkd. WC S24 BT.



- corner this sheet

	SURVE MINIMUM
PINE SKETCH OF CORNER	CERTIFICATION I. ANTHON ACHMAN certify the information shown herein is true and correct. Signature Ground Party Chief I. THOMAS HILL certify that this Corner Record correctly represents work performed by me or under by direction in compliance with the Corner Recordation Act (70-22-101, et seq., M.D.A.) Signature of Surveyor & Seal Date: 12-14-81 Reg. No. 56125 Employer: USFS
Office of Clerk and Recorder, County of Sec. 24 record' was filed for record on the 22 and of Alecember day of 1981, was noted on the cross-index plat and is assigned page No. 1451 in book No. Sec. 24 Learner day of 1981, book No. Learner day of 1981, corner day of 1981,	

INSTRUCTIONS TO SURVEYORS FOR COMPLETION OF CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION FORMS

I. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

This item should describe or quote those portions of the original or subsequent record which were used in evaluating the corner position. The original record will usually be the General Land Office field notes. Subsequent record can come from several sources: Previously filed corner records, maps and plats, private and public records, etc. Some of the subsequent record, even though not in the public record, but known to have validity by the surveyor, may be quoted and appropriately noted.

The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be recordled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicted.

III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form, or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

V. CERTIFICATION:

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification.

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

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The Cross index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filed.