INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Original and/or subsequent record used to evaluate the corner position
- 2. Description of evidence found, note discrepancies in the record, state method of establishing lost or obliterated
- 3. Description of monument and accessories set to perpetuate the corner position
- 4. Sketch of corner, show all pertinent data which can best be shown in a sketch example, corner marking,
- 5. Certification must be signed and sealed by Land Surveyor registered in the State of Montana.

 6. Fill in Cross Index & Section Diagram at bottom of sheet.

CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

T. 26 N., R. 30 W., NW Sec. Cor. of Sec. 10 Lincoln. P.M.M. Corner 1903 G.L.O. original record by F. I. HUBBARD: Set a fir post, 3 ft. long, 4 ins. square, 24 ins. in the Ι.

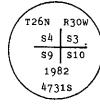
A spruce, 24 ins. diam., bears N3 $\frac{4}{9}$ E, 58 lks. dist., mkd T26N R30W S3 BT.

ground, for cor. of secs. 3, 4, 9 and 10 from which:

- A spruce, 8 ins. diam., bears $$80^{\circ}E$, 61 lks. dist., mkd T26N R30W S10 BT.
- A fir, 5 ins. diam., bears S43 W, 34 lks. dist., mkd T26N R30W S9 BT.
- A fir, 6 ins. diam., bears N38 W, 87 lks. dist., mkd T26N R30W S4 BT.

1982 U.S.F.S. corner recordation by W. W. WEIKEL: No evidence of original monument or accessories. All evidence destroyed by road work.

"By proportionate methods, a standard 30 in. U.S.F.S. aluminum monument, 24 ins. in the ground, stamped as



Established three bearing trees referenced below and raised a collar of stone around monument. No suitable tree in Sec. 4.

II. Found a 2 1/2 in. diam. alum. pipe, firmly set in small rock collar, with U.S.F.S. alum. cap, mkd. as shown

A spruce, 11 ins. diam., bears N34 E, 52.1 ft. dist., "BT" visible. (1982 U.S.F.S.- record)

A spruce, 12 ins. diam., bears S42 E, 33.9 ft. dist., "S10 BT" visible. (1982 U.S.F.S.- record: a fir, s38 E)

A spruce, 8 ins. diam., bears \$73°W. 48.4 ft. dist., "S9 BT" visible. (1982 U.S.F.S.- record: a fir, W)

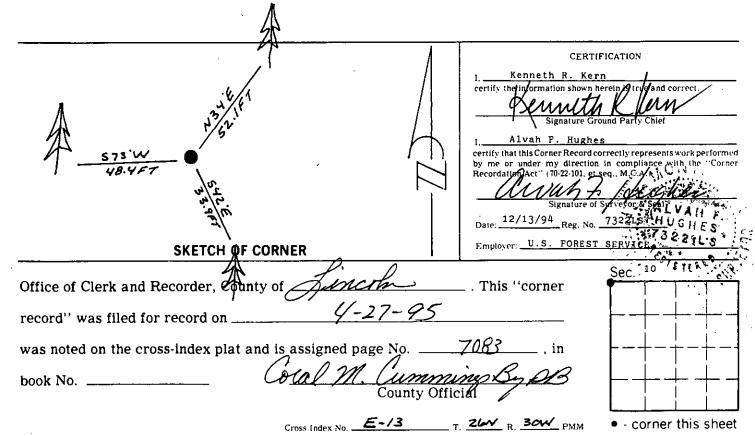
No evidence of orig G.L.O. bearing trees found.

III. No bearing tree available in Sec. 4.

Painted a red band around bearing trees and attached Land Survey Monument and Bearing Tree signs.

Set a 6 ft. steel guard post with land survey monument decal affixed, bears $N42^{\circ}E$, 1 ft. from corner.

Magnetic Declination: 20 East.



INSTRUCTIONS TO SURVEYORS FOR COMPLETION OF CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION FORMS

I. ORIGINAL AND/OR SUBSEQUENT RECORD:

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The record data helps support the reestablished corner position because it clearly shows what history the surveyor based his corner position on. In some cases, however, the record may be unknown or not pertinent. A statement to that effect should appear on the corner record.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FOUND OR METHOD OF LOCATING CORNER POSITION:

This item will describe the original or subsequent record evidence found. If portions of the found evidence cannot be recordiled with the record, then the disregarded record should be noted, and, if possible, an opinion as to its cause narrated.

If no physical evidence of the original or subsequent monuments and accessories can be found, then the method used to reestablish the lost or obliterated corner (single proportion, fence intersection, parol evidence, terrain calls, centerline of road, etc.) shall be indicated.

III. DESCRIPTION OF MONUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES SET TO PERPETUATE THE CORNER POSITION:

This item should list all details about the corner and its location which will help exclusively identify the corner position; including size and type of monument, how marked if not shown in sketch, and distinguishing topographic calls which help locate the corner. In many cases, instructions on how to find the corner should be included.

References or ties to other corners are optional and may be drawn on the face or back of the corner record form, or references to Certificate of Survey may be made. Separate drawings may be attached to the corner form.

If state plane coordinate values for the corner position are shown, then the control upon which they are based should be indicated.

IV. SKETCH OF CORNER:

This item will usually show how a found or set corner is marked and may also show topography or accessory monuments found or set and their relation to the corner. There is no stipulated format; the sketch could be transcribed field note entries.

V. CERTIFICATION:

The name and signature of the ground party chief is optional.

The Surveyor who performed or directed the field work which is depicted on the "Certified Corner Record" shall sign and affix his seal in the Certification.

The employer blank is optional but useful in tracking down original field note data or adjacent record if, in the future, questions arise about the corner.

VI

The Cross Index at the bottom of the page should be completed by the Surveyor. Only the single Township Index where the corner is filed shall be completed.

The lower righthand corner is a corner location diagram and should have the pertinent section filled in at the top and a closed circle indicating the appropriate corner position in the section filled in. This is intended to be an aid in searching the "Record" once it has been filled.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Original and/or subsequent record used to evaluate the corner position.
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- topography ties, position of accessories, etc.

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CERTIFIED CORNER RECORDATION

T. ______R. _____R. SE Sec. Cor. of Sec. 17 Lincoln Corner County

1903 G.L.O. original record by F. I. HUBBARD: Set a shale stone and 4 bearing trees referenced below.

1982 U.S.F.S. corner recordation by W. W. WEIKEL: Found a shale stone, 16x10x4 ins., mkd. with 3 notches on one side and 4 notches on adjacent side, lying 10 ft. downhill from corner position, as determined from two of the four original bearing trees:

A fir, 14 ins. diam., with evidence of an old blaze in NE quadrant. (Record- N38 $1/2^{\circ}$ E, 19 1ks.) A cedar, 14 ins. diam., with evidence of an old blaze in NW quadrant. (Record-N34 1/2 W, 32 lks.)

No evidence fd. of orig. BT's in SE or SW quadrants. (Record-S72 1/2 E, 13 lks.; S36 W, 20 lks.)

At the record bearing and distance from the 2 BT's, set an alum. post, 30 ins. long, 2 1/2 ins. diam., 24 ins. in the ground, with alum. cap mkd. as shown below. Bury the original stone alongside monument.

II. At the position determined from a distance- distance intersect from found bearing trees, while excavating to set a new monument, found a stone, 16x12x3 ins. with 2 grooves visible on one face. (Orig. alum. monument was evidently destroyed by the construction of a cat trail.) from which:

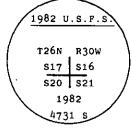
A fir, 15 ins. diam., bears N38 E, 12.5 ft. dist., healed face. (G.L.O.- record)

A fir, 8 ins. diam., bears S8 E, 29.7 ft. dist., burned face. (1982 U.S.F.S.- record)

A burned fir snag, 6 ins. diam., bears \$86 W, 28.5 ft. dist., burned face. (1982 U.S.F.S.- record)

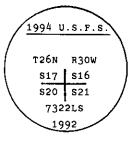
A cedar stump, 16 ins. diam., bears N34 $^{\circ}$ W, 21.1 ft. dist., with a fallen tree, visibly faced. (G.L.O.record)

III. Reset by dist.- dist. intersect, from found bearing trees, a 2 1/2 in. diam., 30 in. long aluminum pipe, with a 3 1/4 in. diam. alum. cap, mkd. as shown:



was noted on the cross-index plat and is assigned page No.

book No.

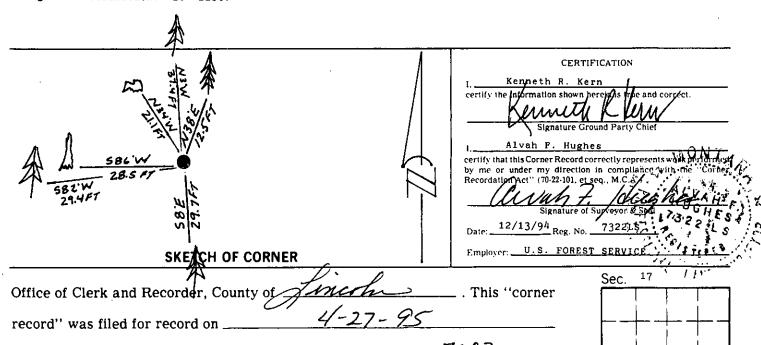


2.5 **

Established two new bearing trees:

A fir, 7 ins. diam., bears S82 $^{\circ}$ W. 29.4 ft. dist., mkd. T26N R30W S20 BT. A fir, 13 ins. diam., bears N3 W, 37.4 ft. dist., mkd. T26N R30W S17 BT.

Painted a red band around bearing trees and attached Land Survey Monument and Bearing Tree signs. Set a 6 ft. steel guard post with land survey monument and property boundary decals, WEST, 3 feet. Magnetic Declination: 20 East.



Cross Index No. N-09 T. 2W R. 30W PMM

umm

County Official

corner this sheet

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