

Burning Schedule for Lincoln County

Inside the Air Quality Control District & Impact Zone L

Nov

Burn Season Closed

Mar

No burning due to air quality concerns.

Apr

Management and Residential Burning

Permit Required

Check Air Quality Hotline at 406-293-5644

May Jun

Management Burn Permits Required

lincolncountymt.us/environmental-health/air-quality
See Information Below

Call Lincoln County Air Quality at 406-283-2444

July Aug Sept

It's FIRE SEASON in Montana **NO DEBRIS BURNING**

Fire season may be extended as conditions warrant.

Oct

Management Burn Permit Required

No Residential Burning
Call Lincoln County Air Quality at 406-283-2444

Burn Permits are required for both Management and Residential Burns in the Air Quality Control District & Impact Zone L. Permits are FREE & available from the Lincoln County Health Department at 283-2442.

For authorization of a proposed Management Burn, contact the fire protection agency for your location:

Inside Libby Rural Fire District: Steve Lauer 283-1883 Outside Libby Rural Fire District: Jennifer Nelson - 283-2322

In Lincoln County, Air Quality compliance is required for *every burn*. Call the Air Quality Hotline, the day you plan to burn, for updated ventilation and burning forecast **406-293-5644**

County Burn regulations can be found at: lincolncountymt.us/environmental-health/air-quality

Rules and Guidelines for Safe Burning

- Only natural vegetative debris may be burned.
- Check the local weather forecast and do not burn when high winds are forecast or when dry conditions prevail.
- ✓ Air Quality compliance is required for every burn. Call 406-293-5644 for ventilation and burning forecast.
- Build burn piles of manageable size and in areas clear of surrounding or overhanging vegetation.
- Build piles with dry materials so they burn clean and fast.
 Do not burn wet grass, needles, leaves, or material that will smolder or produce excess smoke.
- ✓ Burn piles should not be closer than 50-ft to any structure or 10-ft from any property line.
- → Fires should be attended until completely out.
- Fires are not out until cold to the touch with no flame or smoke.
- ✓ Enough tools, water, and people should be available to extinguish your fire if necessary.
- ✓ Call 911 immediately if your fire does burn out of control.
- Fires are not allowed when burn restrictions are in effect or during periods of impaired air quality.
- Fires must be completely extinguished if any emission from the fire is detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of any person; if it causes damage to property or business; or if it causes a nuisance to others.
- Landing piles must be broken apart & completely extinguished before the end of the permit period.
- Ignition may only occur during daylight hours.

"Residential Burning" means any outdoor burning conducted on a residential, farm, or ranch property to dispose of vegetative wastes.

"Management Burning" means any person, agency, institution, business or industry conducting any outdoor burning for any purpose except residential burning, including forestry/wildlife management, licensed landfill management, firefighter training exercises, commercial film productions, or fuel hazard reduction which is designated as necessary by a fire protection agency.

Fire Districts may recover costs incurred during response, control, or suppression of an unlawful or out-of-control fire. The person burning assumes responsibility for any damage, by emission or flame, to any structure, utility line/pole, tree or shrub, road or right-of-way, or other public or private edifice.